Financial Report

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area

2021

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Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area (the "DIA") are the responsibility of the DIA's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The DIA's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information, is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The DIA board meets with management and external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, licensed public accountants appointed by the Town of Grimsby. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities and their opinion on the DIA's financial statements.

Mike Williscraft

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area

May 4, 2022

Beth Brens, CPA, CA

Director of Finance/Treasurer

The Corporation of the Town of Grimsby



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Independent auditor's report

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of The Corporation of the Town of Grimsby

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area ("the DIA"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area as at December 31, 2021, and the results of operations, its changes in its net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the DIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the DIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the DIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the DIA's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the DIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the DIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the DIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Port Colborne, Canada May 4, 2022 Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Financial Position			
As at December 31		2021	2020
Financial assets			
Due from Town of Grimsby	\$	137,565	\$ 96,651
Net financial assets		137,565	96,651
Non-financial assets			
Prepaid expenses		-	144
Tangible capital assets (Note 4)	*	8,965	9,573
Accumulated surplus (Note 5)	\$	146,530	\$ 106,368

Impacts of COVID-19 (Note 8)

On behalf of the Board

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Rayanana	Budget <u>2021</u> (Note 3)	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Revenues	ф 07.2E0	¢ 07.454	\$ 86,167
Taxation	\$ 87,350	\$ 87,451	•
Tax (write-offs) supplementaries, net	(3,800)	(1,557)	(17,553)
Other income	5,000	=	704
Investment income			764
	88,550	85,894	69,378
Expenses			
Advertising and promotion	29,900	16,478	19,144
Amortization	2,635	2,635	2,368
Downtown beautification	30,200	13,327	15,207
Office	6,400	383	2,838
Professional fees	1,900	6,561	3,752
Special events	6,000	6,348	738
Wages and benefits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-1	55
	77,035	45,732	44,102
Annual surplus	11,515	40,162	25,276
Accumulated surplus (Note 5)			
Beginning of year	106,368	106,368	81,092
End of year	\$ 117,883	\$ 146,530	\$ 106,368

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget <u>2021</u> (Note 3)	Actual <u>2021</u>	Actual <u>2020</u>
Annual surplus	\$ 11,515	\$ 40,162	\$ 25,276
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Usage of prepaid expenses	2,635	2,635 (2,027) 144	2,368 (2,741) 3,356
Increase in net financial assets	14,150	40,914	28,259
Net financial assets Beginning of year	96,651	96,651	 68,392
End of year	\$ 110,801	\$ 137,565	\$ 96,651

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area **Statement of Cash Flows** For the Year Ended December 31 2021 2020 Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Operating Annual surplus \$ 40,162 \$ 25,276 Non-cash items 2,368 Amortization of tangible capital assets 2,635 Usage of prepaid expenses 144 3,356 Increase in due from Town of Grimsby (40,914)(28, 259)2,741 2,027 Capital Acquisition of tangible capital assets (2,027)(2,741)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year End of year \$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

1. Purpose of The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area

The Grimsby Downtown Improvement Area (DIA) was established by the Council of the Town of Grimsby and has been entrusted with the improvement, beautification and maintenance of the Municipality owned lands, buildings and structures in the improvement area, beyond such expenditures by the Municipality. The DIA is also responsible for the promotion of this improvement for business and shopping.

The Board is financed by a special levy charged upon businesses in the improvement area.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements are the responsibility of and prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

Basis of accounting

Sources of revenue and expenses are reporting on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues in the period they are earned and measureable and expenses in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred.

Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, non-financial assets, revenues, expenses and changes in accumulated surplus in the DIA.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and balances with banks, and highly liquid temporary money market instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Tangible capital assets

(a) Determination of costs

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Cost includes all directly attributable expenses in the acquisition, construction, development and/or betterment of the assets required to install the asset at the location and in the condition necessary for its intended use. Contributed or donated tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Tangible capital assets (continued)

(b) Amortization

Amortization is recorded to reflect the cost, net of anticipated salvage value, associated with the use of the asset in providing government services over the estimated useful life of the asset. Amortization expense is calculated on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives.

Equipment

3-15 years

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for use and put in service.

Revenue recognition

Government transfers, which include municipal contributions and provincial and federal grants, are recognized in the year in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria or stipulations have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made. Government transfers that meet the definition of a liability are recognized as revenue as the liability is extinguished.

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned. Other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

3. Budget

The budget was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards require a full accrual basis. As a result, the budget figures presented in the Statement of Operations and Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets represent the budget adopted with the following adjustments:

		\$	5
			14,150
			(2,635)
		\$	11,515
	2021		2020
\$	18,873	\$	16,132
<u></u>	2,027	19	2,741
	20,900		18,873
	9,300		6,932
			::
	2,635		2,368
	11,935		9,300
\$	8,965	\$	9,573
		\$ 18,873 2,027 20,900 9,300 2,635 11,935	2021 \$ 18,873 \$ 2,027 20,900 9,300 2,635 11,935

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tor the real Ended December 51, 2021			
5. Accumulated surplus		<u>2021</u>	2020
Operating surplus (Note 6)	\$	40,093	\$ 13,473
DIA capital projects reserve		97,472	83,322
Investment in tangible capital assets	:	8,965	9,573
	\$	146,530	\$ 106,368
6. Operating surplus		<u>2021</u>	2020
Surplus for the year	\$	40,162	\$ 25,276
Add: amortization for the year		2,635	2,368
Less: acquisition of tangible capital assets		(2,027)	(2,741)
Less: transfer to reserve		(14,150)	(24,900)
		26,620	3
Operating surplus			
Beginning of year	ii.	13,473	13,470
End of year	\$	40,093	\$ 13,473

7. Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future benefits

The DIA, as a part of the Town, is a Schedule II employer under the Workplace Safety & Insurance Act and follow a policy of self-insurance for all its employees.

An actuarial estimate of the future liabilities has been completed and forms the basis of the estimated liability reported in these financial statements. The DIA remits payments to the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board (WSIB) as required to fund disability payments. The estimated future liability relating to WSIB amounted to \$ Nil (2020 - \$ Nil)

A Workplace Safety and Insurance Reserve, funded by annual contributions from the Town, has also been established to protect against any unknown future liability. The Town also maintains an insurance policy, which protects the Corporation against single claims in excess of \$ 500,000.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

8. Impacts of COVID-19

The outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March, 2020. COVID-19 has severely impacted many economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses were forced to cease or limit operations for long periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced volatility. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The DIA had to limit activity during its fiscal year due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The DIA has not identified any events related to the COVID-19 pandemic which occurred during its fiscal year or were determined to be subsequent events, and therefore there has been no significant impact on the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of the consequences of COVID-19, as well as the impact on the financial position and results of the DIA for future periods.